

Lamberth
Signature of Sponsor

AMEND Senate Bill No. 2065

House Bill No. 1843*

by deleting all language after the enacting clause and substituting instead the following:

SECTION 1. Tennessee Code Annotated, Title 55, Chapter 10, Part 4, is amended by adding the following as a new section:

55-10-425.

(a) Effective July 1, 2016, the authorized removal of any functioning ignition interlock device that is required by the department of safety pursuant to § 55-10-417(l) or by court order, whether issued due to statutory requirement, in the court's discretion, or at the defendant's request, shall be compliance-based in accordance with this section.

(b)

(1) Except as provided in subdivision (b)(2), upon application by a person who is not otherwise prohibited from having a restricted license, the court shall order the installation and use of a functioning ignition interlock device for a three hundred sixty-five (365) consecutive day period or for the entire period of the person's driver license revocation, whichever is longer. The consecutive day requirement shall commence on the date of the ignition interlock installation.

(2) If a functioning ignition interlock device is required, ordered, or requested to be installed and used pursuant to subsection (a), the minimum three hundred sixty-five (365) consecutive day period required by subdivision (b)(1) and the final one hundred twenty (120) day period of violation-free use required by subdivision (c)(2) are applicable regardless

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of whether the person applies for a restricted license. If the person elects not to operate a motor vehicle during the period of license revocation and applies for reinstatement of the license at the end of the revocation period, the department shall not reinstate the license until the person shows the department proof of ignition interlock installation. Upon proof being shown and the driver license reinstated, the three hundred sixty-five (365) consecutive days of usage period shall commence on the date the license is reinstated.

(3) If the court determines that installation and use of a functioning ignition interlock device is not required by the provisions of § 55-10-409(b)(2)(B), the court shall make specific findings of fact on a form provided by the department that the factors listed in § 55-10-409(b)(2)(B) do not exist in the instant case. The findings of fact shall include the following:

(A) The person's actual blood or breath alcohol concentration (BAC) demonstrating that the person did not have a blood or breath alcohol concentration of eight hundredths of one percent (0.08%) or higher, or a combination of alcohol in any amount and marijuana, a controlled substance, controlled substance analogue, drug, or any substance affecting the central nervous system;

(B) There was no person in the vehicle with the person who was under eighteen (18) years of age;

(C) The person was not involved in an accident, or the accident did not require a report under § 55-10-107, or the accident was not the proximate result of the person's intoxication; and

(D) The person is not charged with violating the implied consent law or, if the person is so charged, the person did not have a conviction or juvenile delinquency adjudication for a violation that occurred within five (5) years of the instant implied consent violation, for any of the offenses set out in § 55-10-409(b)(2)(B)(iv).

(4)

(A) If the court fails to make a specific finding that § 55-10-409(b)(2)(B) is not applicable in instant case, if the finding made by the court is incomplete, or if the finding does not contain adequate information for the department to determine the applicability of § 55-10-409(b)(2)(B), the person shall be required by default to install and use a functioning ignition interlock device for a three hundred sixty-five (365) consecutive day period or for the entire period of the driver license revocation period, whichever is longer.

(B) If the court orders that a restricted license be issued without an ignition interlock device required, and the court's findings of fact demonstrate that installation and use of a functioning ignition interlock device is not required by § 55-10-409(b)(2)(B), the restricted driver license shall be subject to the geographic restrictions of § 55-10-409(c).

(c)

(1) A person required to install and use only a functioning ignition interlock device pursuant to this section is prohibited from removing or causing to be removed the ignition interlock device from the vehicle for which it was ordered and the person shall be required to maintain the device in working order for a three hundred sixty-five (365) consecutive day period or for the entire period of the driver license revocation period, whichever is longer.

(2) In addition to the minimum three hundred sixty-five (365) consecutive day period during which the ignition interlock device shall be attached, functioning, and maintained on the motor vehicle to which it is ordered, the ignition interlock device cannot be lawfully removed from the vehicle, except for necessary maintenance, replacement, or repair as determined by the department, unless the person has operated the ignition interlock equipped vehicle without violation, as described in subsection (d), for the last one hundred twenty (120) days of the period for which it is required.

(d)

(1) During the final one hundred twenty (120) day period for which the ignition interlock device is required, the person shall not violate any of the following conditions:

(A) Tampering with, circumventing, or attempting to start the vehicle with a breath alcohol concentration in excess of the two-hundredths of one percent (0.02%) blood alcohol concentration calibration setting required by § 55-10-417(c);

(B) Failing to take or skipping a rolling retest when required by the ignition interlock device;

(C) Removing or causing to be removed the ignition interlock device at any time during the three hundred sixty-five (365) consecutive day period; and

(D) Failing to appear at the ignition interlock device provider when required for calibration, monitoring, or inspection of the device.

(2) An ignition interlock provider shall promptly notify the department of any person who violates the conditions in subdivision (d)(1) and submit the evidence by which the provider reached the conclusion that a violation occurred. The department shall notify the person of the alleged violation and any proposed extension of the ignition interlock requirements. The person may respond to the department within seven (7) days and provide evidence that the person did not materially violate the conditions in subdivision (d)(1). If the person does not respond, the department may assume that the person admits the violation. The department shall determine whether the person committed a material violation of the conditions in subdivision (d)(1) that merits the extension of the ignition interlock requirements, and, if so, extend the person's ignition interlock requirements. A person aggrieved by the department's determination may appeal in accordance with the Uniform Administrative Procedures Act, compiled in title 4, chapter 5. The appeal may be made to the chancery court of the county where the person resides at the option of the person.

(e)

(1) If at any time during the three hundred sixty-five (365) consecutive day period, the department determines that the person removes or causes to be removed the ignition interlock device, the device shall be reinstalled and the three hundred sixty-five (365) consecutive day period shall start again from the date of the reinstallation.

(2) If at any time during the final one hundred twenty (120) days of the time period the person is required to use a functioning ignition interlock device, the department determines that the person has committed a violation of subsection (d), the one hundred twenty (120) day period shall start again from the date of the violation.

(f)

(1) If the person has successfully completed the three hundred sixty-five (365) consecutive day period the ignition interlock device is required to be installed on the motor vehicle, and the final one hundred twenty (120) day period was completed without violation, the person shall take the vehicle to a certified ignition interlock provider for a final download of the offender's data file and shall send the data file to the department.

(2) If the data file from the final download and other relevant information shows that the person has been ignition interlock compliant for the requisite periods of time, the department shall inform the person on a compliance form developed by the department that the person may apply for driver license reinstatement and that the ignition interlock device may be lawfully removed. The person may take the form to the installing ignition interlock service provider for removal.

(3) The person may take the compliance form to the department and apply for reinstatement of the person's driver license. If the person meets all requirements for license reinstatement and pays all reinstatement fees, the department shall reinstate the driver license.

(4) When removing an ignition interlock device on or after July 1, 2016, a certified ignition interlock provider may in good faith rely on a person's compliance form that removal of the ignition interlock device is lawful.

(g) This section shall apply to offenses committed on or after July 1, 2016, for which a person is required by the department of safety pursuant to § 55-10-417(l) or by court order, whether issued due to statutory requirement, in the court's discretion, or at the defendant's request, to operate only a motor vehicle that is equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device. To the extent not inconsistent with this section, the procedural provisions and geographic restrictions of § 55-10-409 and § 55-10-417, the provider fees in § 55-10-418, and the DUI monitoring fund and indigency provisions of § 55-10-419 shall, if applicable, continue to apply. If any provision of those sections is in conflict with this section, this section shall apply.

SECTION 2. Tennessee Code Annotated, Section 55-10-409, is amended by adding the following new subsection (e):

(e) If a person is required by court order issued pursuant to this section, whether issued due to statutory requirement, in the court's discretion, or at the defendant's request, to operate only a motor vehicle that is equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device, and the offense for which the ignition interlock is ordered occurs on or after July 1, 2016, the compliance-based provisions of § 55-10-425 shall govern the

required periods of continuous operation, default interlock orders, authorized removal of the device, and other enforcement aspects of the court's order set out in § 55-10-425.

SECTION 3. Tennessee Code Annotated, Section 55-10-417, is amended by adding the following new subsection:

(m) If a person is required by the department of safety pursuant to subsection (l) or by court order issued pursuant to this section, whether issued due to statutory requirement, in the court's discretion, or at the defendant's request, to operate only a motor vehicle that is equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device and the offense for which the ignition interlock is ordered occurs on or after July 1, 2016, the compliance-based provisions of § 55-10-425 shall govern the required periods of continuous operation, default interlock orders, authorized removal of the device, and other enforcement aspects of the court's order set out in § 55-10-425.

SECTION 4. Tennessee Code Annotated, Section 55-10-417, is further amended by deleting subsection (i) and substituting instead the following:

(i) No person shall:

(1) Tamper with, or in any way attempt to circumvent, the operation of a functioning ignition interlock device that has been installed in a motor vehicle;

(2) Operate a motor vehicle that is not equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device when the person has been ordered by the court to only operate a vehicle equipped with such an interlock device; or

(3) Operate a motor vehicle outside the geographic limitations or during restricted times when geographic or time restrictions are ordered by the court.

SECTION 5. For purposes of the department preparing forms required by this act, it shall take effect upon becoming a law, the public welfare requiring it. For all other purposes, this act shall take effect on July 1, 2016, the public welfare requiring it.